

# ROMAN NUMERALS

from 1 - 10,000

## SYMBOLS

1	50	100	500	1000	5,000	10,000
I	L	C	D	M	$\overline{V}$	$\overline{X}$

## COMBINATIONS from 1,000 to 10,000

1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000
M	MM	MMM	$\overline{IV}$	$\overline{V}$

6,000	7,000	8,000	9,000	10,000
$\overline{VM}$	$\overline{VMM}$	$\overline{VM MM}$	$\overline{VM MM M}$	$\overline{X}$

## HOW TO CONVERT

1,500  
—  
MD

15,000  
—  
XV

150,000  
—  
 $\overline{CL}$

A bar over a numeral multiplies its value by 1,000

$\overline{V}$  = 5,000 and  $\overline{X}$  = 10,000

The number zero does not have its own Roman numeral.

Why?

Because the system was designed to estimate price of goods therefore, no zero was needed.