

Susan B. Anthony was born on February 15, 1820, in Adams, Massachusetts. She grew up in a large family with seven brothers and sisters. Her parents believed in equality and taught her that everyone should have the same rights. This belief would shape Susan's life and the work she would do to help others.

As Susan grew older, she became a teacher. But she noticed something unfair: male teachers were paid more than female teachers. This made her very upset, and she began to think about how she could make things better for women. She believed that women should have the same opportunities as men, including the right to vote.

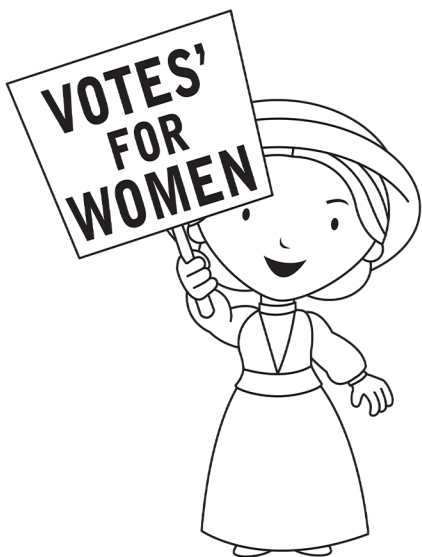
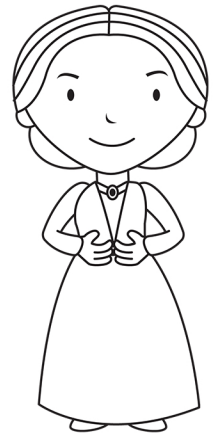
In the 1850s, Susan met Elizabeth Cady Stanton, who shared her beliefs about women's rights. Together, they started working to change laws that were unfair to women. They traveled around the country, giving speeches and organizing meetings to get more people involved in the fight for equality. Susan was very brave and determined, even when people made fun of her or tried to stop her.

One of the most important things Susan did was to help start the National Woman Suffrage Association in 1869. This group worked hard to get women the right to vote. Susan and her friends wrote letters, gave speeches, and held rallies to convince lawmakers to change the laws. They believed that if women could vote, they could help make the world a better place.

In 1872, Susan did something very bold. She went to vote in the presidential election, even though it was illegal for women to vote at that time. She was arrested and fined \$100, which was a lot of money. But Susan refused to pay the fine because she believed that what she did was right. Her actions drew a lot of attention and helped more people see why women should have the right to vote.

Susan B. Anthony never gave up on her dream of equality. She continued to work tirelessly for women's rights until her death in 1906. Although she did not live to see women get the right to vote, her efforts were not in vain. In 1920, the 19th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution was passed, giving women the right to vote. This was a huge victory for women and a testament to Susan's hard work and dedication.

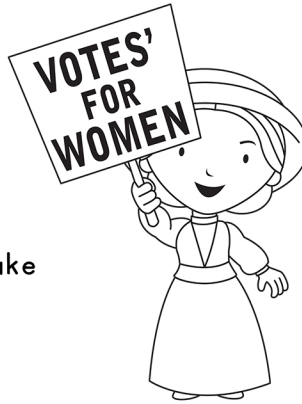
Today, we remember Susan B. Anthony as a pioneer for women's rights. Her courage and determination continue to inspire people to fight for equality and justice for all. She showed us that one person can make a big difference in the world.



Circle the correct answer.

1. What did Susan B. Anthony do when she noticed that male teachers were paid more than female teachers?

- a. She quit her job as a teacher.
- b. She started thinking about how to make things better for women.
- c. She moved to a different country.
- d. She decided to become a doctor.



2. In what year did Susan B. Anthony help start the National Woman Suffrage Association?

- a. 1869
- b. 1872
- c. 1906
- d. 1920

What I learned:

Why did Susan B. Anthony refuse to pay the \$100 fine after she was arrested for voting?



How did Susan B. Anthony's actions help change people's views on women's rights?

Circle the correct answer.

1. Susan B. Anthony was born in New York.

- a. True
- b. False

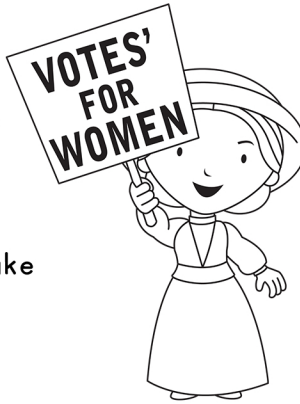
2. Susan B. Anthony was alive when women got the right to vote in 1920.

- a. True
- b. False

Circle the correct answer.

1. What did Susan B. Anthony do when she noticed that male teachers were paid more than female teachers?

- a. She quit her job as a teacher.
- b. She started thinking about how to make things better for women.
- c. She moved to a different country.
- d. She decided to become a doctor.



2. In what year did Susan B. Anthony help start the National Woman Suffrage Association?

- a. 1869
- b. 1872
- c. 1906
- d. 1920

What I learned:

Why did Susan B. Anthony refuse to pay the \$100 fine after she was arrested for voting?

She believed it was her right to vote



How did Susan B. Anthony's actions help change people's views on women's rights?

Her courage and determination continue to inspire people to fight for equality and justice for all. She showed us that one person can make a big difference in the world.

Circle the correct answer.

1. Susan B. Anthony was born in New York.

- a. True
- b. False

2. Susan B. Anthony was alive when women got the right to vote in 1920.

- a. True
- b. False