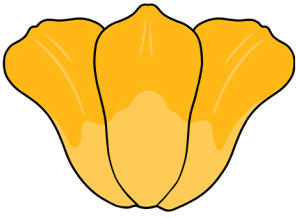


FLOWER PARTS VOCABULARY CARDS



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petal

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The flat, colorful parts of a flower that grow around the center. Petals attract bees, butterflies, and other pollinators with their bright colors and sweet smell.

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stem

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The tall, sturdy part that holds the flower up. It carries water and nutrients from the roots up to the leaves and flower.

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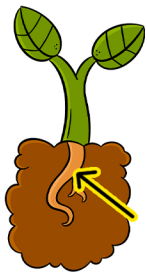
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leaf

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A flat, green part that grows from the stem. Leaves soak up sunlight and help the plant make its own food.

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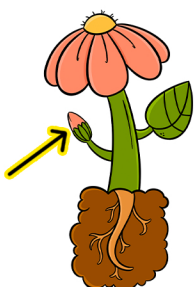
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root

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The part of the plant that grows underground. Roots hold the plant in the soil and absorb water and nutrients.

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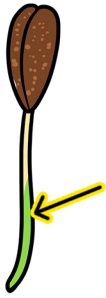
bud

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A small, tightly closed part of a plant that will grow into a flower. A bud is a flower that has not opened yet.

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FLOWER PARTS VOCABULARY CARDS



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filament

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The thin stalk that holds the anther up inside the flower. It positions the anther where pollinators can reach the pollen.

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stigma

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The sticky top part of the pistil. It is designed to catch pollen that is carried in by bees, butterflies, wind, or other pollinators.

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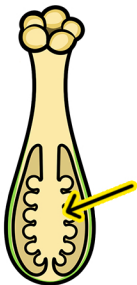
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style

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The slender tube that connects the stigma to the ovary. After pollen lands on the stigma, it travels down the style to reach the ovary.

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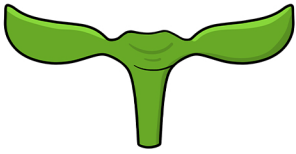
ovary

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The rounded base of the pistil where seeds develop. After a flower is fertilized, the ovary grows into a fruit or seed pod.

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FLOWER PARTS VOCABULARY CARDS



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sepal

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The small, green, leaf-like parts that wrap around the base of a flower. Sepals protect the bud before the flower opens.

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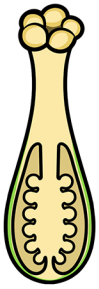
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stamen

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The male part of a flower. It is made up of two parts — the anther and the filament — and its job is to make pollen.

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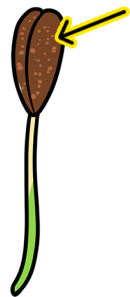
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pistil

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The female part of a flower. It is made up of three parts — the stigma, the style, and the ovary — and its job is to receive pollen and make seeds.

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anther

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The part at the very top of the stamen. It produces and holds the pollen grains that pollinators carry from flower to flower.

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