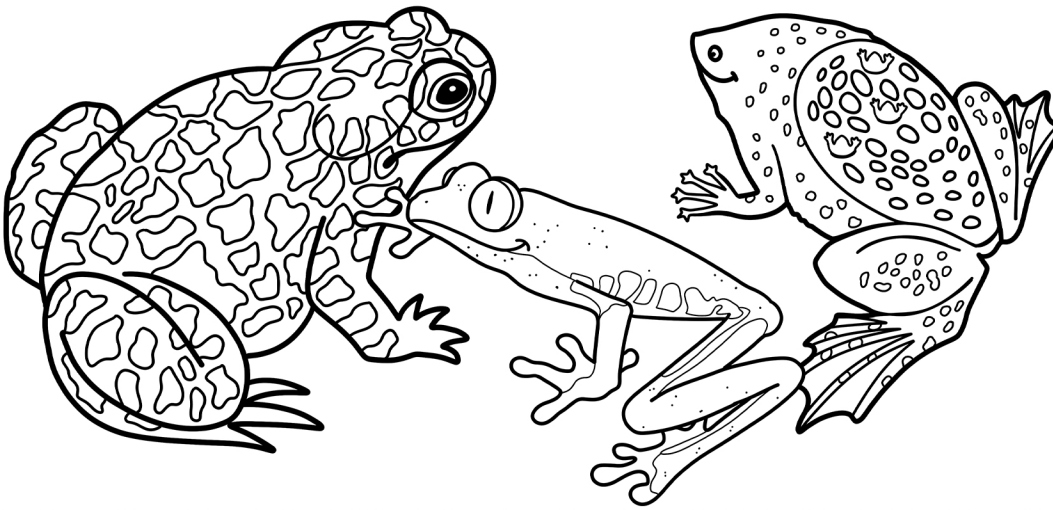


**Word Bank:**

camouflage

permeable

poison

predator

toad

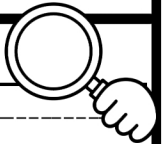
Frogs have many special body parts and behaviors that help them stay safe in the wild. Many frogs have moist, permeable skin that lets them breathe and take in water, but this same skin can also let harmful things in, so frogs must live in clean, damp places. Some frogs use camouflage, which means their skin color and pattern match their surroundings so predators have a hard time finding them. Other frogs have bright colors that warn predators they are poisonous, like the poison dart frog. A frog's bulging eyes sit high on its head, which lets it watch for danger while the rest of its body hides underwater. Frogs also use croaking calls to communicate with other frogs, especially to attract a mate. Toads, close relatives of frogs, have drier, warty skin instead of the smooth, moist skin most frogs have, which helps them survive in drier habitats away from water. Every one of these adaptations helps a frog find food, avoid predators, and survive in its habitat.

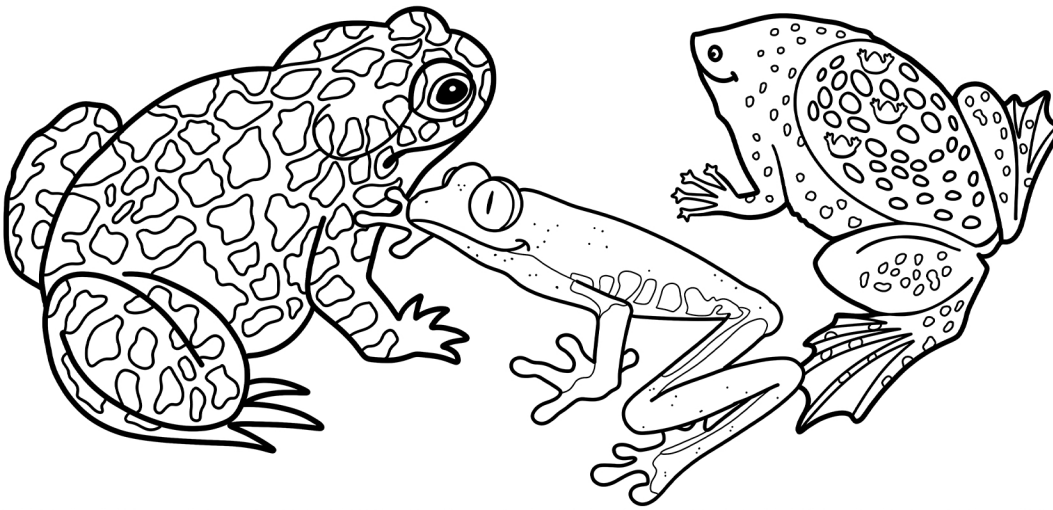
1. What does permeable skin allow a frog to do?

2. How does camouflage help a frog survive?

3. Why do some frogs have bright colors instead of camouflage?

4. What is one difference between frog skin and toad skin?



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Frogs have many special body parts and behaviors that help them stay safe in the wild. Many frogs have moist, permeable skin that lets them breathe and take in water, but this same skin can also let harmful things in, so frogs must live in clean, damp places. Some frogs use camouflage, which means their skin color and pattern match their surroundings so predators have a hard time finding them. Other frogs have bright colors that warn predators they are poisonous, like the poison dart frog. A frog's bulging eyes sit high on its head, which lets it watch for danger while the rest of its body hides underwater. Frogs also use croaking calls to communicate with other frogs, especially to attract a mate. Toads, close relatives of frogs, have drier, warty skin instead of the smooth, moist skin most frogs have, which helps them survive in drier habitats away from water. Every one of these adaptations helps a frog find food, avoid predators, and survive in its habitat.

1. What does permeable skin allow a frog to do?

It lets a frog breathe and take in water through its skin.

2. How does camouflage help a frog survive?

Camouflage is skin coloring that matches the surroundings, which makes it hard for predators to spot the frog.

3. Why do some frogs have bright colors instead of camouflage?

Bright colors warn predators that the frog is poisonous, so predators learn to stay away.

4. What is one difference between frog skin and toad skin?

Frog skin is smooth and moist, while toad skin is drier and warty (bumpier).

